

## TIME-DEPENDENT DESCRIPTION OF NUCLEON AND $\alpha$ -CLUSTER TRANSFER REACTIONS

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The numerical solution of the time-dependent Schrödinger equation [1, 2] provides the possibility of intuitive study of dynamics of complete and incomplete fusion,  $\alpha$ -cluster, single- and multi-nucleon transfer processes in nucleus-nucleus collisions at energies near and above the Coulomb barrier [3]. The evolution of the wave functions of the halo-proton of  ${}^8\text{B}$  (Fig. 1) and skin-neutrons of  ${}^8\text{He}$  were used for calculation the transfer and breakup cross sections for collisions with  ${}^{28}\text{Si}$  nucleus. These processes are similar to analogies processes for halo-neutrons of  ${}^{11}\text{Li}$  nucleus [4]. The evolution of the wave functions the outer nucleons of both colliding nuclei and  $\alpha$ -clusters of  ${}^{18}\text{O}$  in the reaction  ${}^{18}\text{O} + {}^{197}\text{Au}$  [3] was used for calculation of cross sections of the formation of the reaction products. The analysis of outer nucleons rearrangement during fusion and grazing collisions of  ${}^{64}\text{Ni}$ ,  ${}^{70}\text{Zn}$  nuclei with  ${}^{249}\text{Cf}$  nucleus are made.

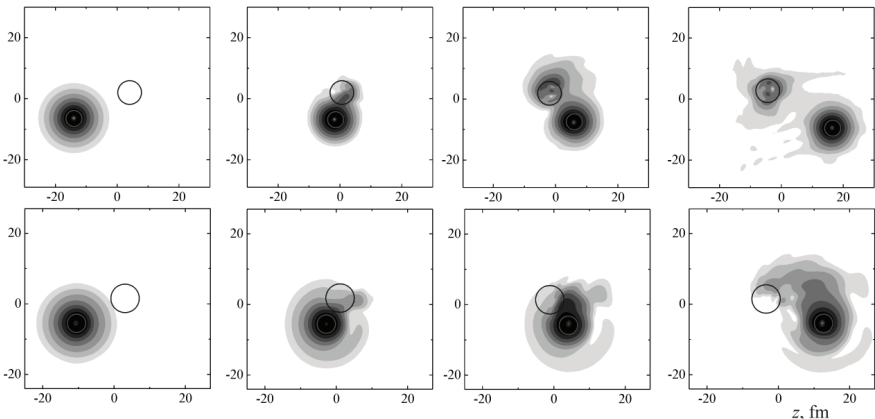


Fig. 1. The evolution of the probability density  $\rho(r,t)$  of external protons of the  ${}^8\text{B}$  nucleus in its collision with the  ${}^{28}\text{Si}$  nucleus (circle) at energy  $E_{\text{lab}} = 10 A \text{ MeV}$  (on top) and  $64 A \text{ MeV}$  (below); the course of time corresponds to panels from left to right.

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