

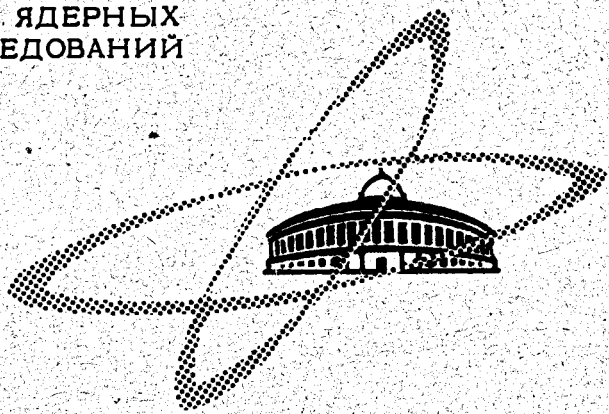
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ОБЪЕДИНЕННЫЙ  
ИНСТИТУТ  
ЯДЕРНЫХ  
ИССЛЕДОВАНИЙ

Дубна

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E1 - 4584

ЛАБОРАТОРИЯ ВЫСОКИХ ЭНЕРГИЙ

B.A. Shahbazian

$\Lambda_p$  EFFECTIVE MASS SPECTRUM  
IN  $\pi$ -CARBON NUCLEI COLLISIONS  
AT 4.0 GEV/C

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Объединенный институт  
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БЕЛГРАД

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The 55 cm long JINR propane bubble chamber was irradiated by  $\pi^-$ -mesons at 4.0 GeV/c. After twofold scanning of 120000 photographs, 586 interactions containing a  $\Lambda$ -hyperon and, at least, one proton were identified. From the effective mass spectrum of the  $\Lambda p$  system plotted in 10 MeV bins one can see the following:

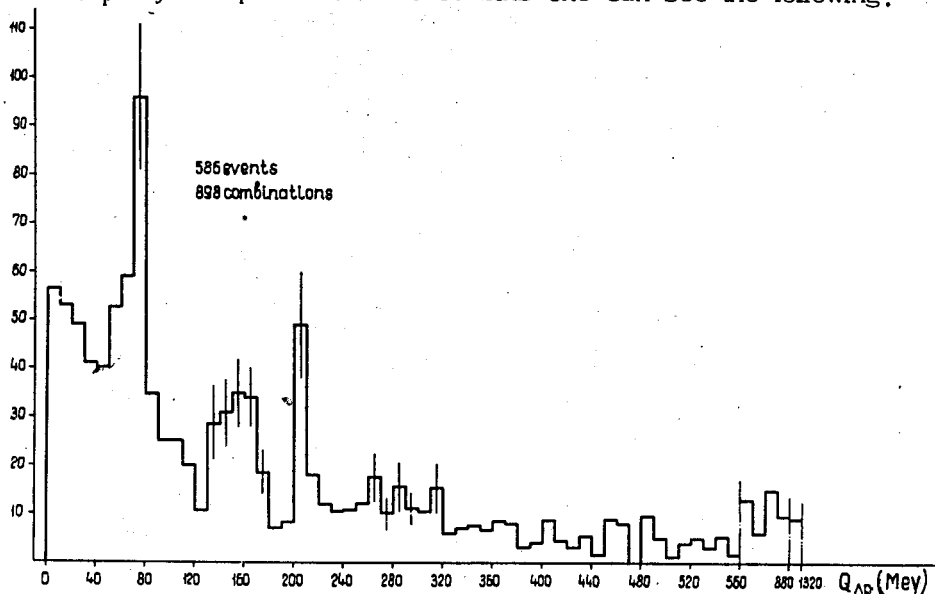


Fig. 1. The distribution over the total kinetic energy  $Q_{\Lambda p}$  in the rest system in 10 MeV bins. The total number of combinations (898) is normalized to the total number of  $\Lambda$ -hyperons.

1. The peak due to the resonance in the  $\Lambda p$  system on a virtual level at  $(4.8 \pm 1.1)$  MeV (strong interaction in the final state) formerly observed<sup>1,2/</sup> in neutron-carbon nuclei collisions is confirmed.
2. The formerly observed peak in neutron-carbon interactions in the region of  $(2180-2220)$  MeV<sup>1/</sup> and  $\Gamma \leq 40$  MeV is confirmed at a higher statistical significance level.
3. Two strong, statistically significant peaks at 2127 MeV and 2256 MeV with  $\Gamma \leq 15$  MeV. This result is a new one.

#### R e f e r e n c e s

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