

TEMPERATURE DEPENDENCE OF SPONTANEOUS POLARIZATION IN BARIUM HEXAFERRITE

V. Turchenko¹, D.B. Migas², S.V. Trukhanov³, A.V. Rutkauskas¹, B. Bozzo⁴, I. Fina⁴, A.V. Trukhanov³

¹ Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, 6 Joliot-Curie Str., Dubna, 141980, Russia;

² Belarusian State University of Informatics and Radioelectronics, P. Browka 6, 220013 Minsk, Belarus;

³ SSPA “Scientific and Practical Materials Research Centre of NAS of Belarus”, 19 P. Brovki str., 220072 Minsk, Belarus;

⁴ Institut de Ciència de Materials de Barcelona-CSIC, Campus de la UAB, Bellaterra, Barcelona, 08193, Spain

E-mail: turchenko@jinr.ru

Among the large number of types of hexaferrites with different crystal structures, the M-type is the simplest. Hexaferrites have a rather complex crystal structure, which is represented as a sequence of spinel and hexagonal blocks alternating along the c axis and containing a rather large number of iron cations [1].

Nowadays these materials are considered as a perspective multiferroics or materials that demonstrate coexistence and correlation between dielectric and magnetic ordering at room temperature [2]. The milestone in multiferroics would be the realization of

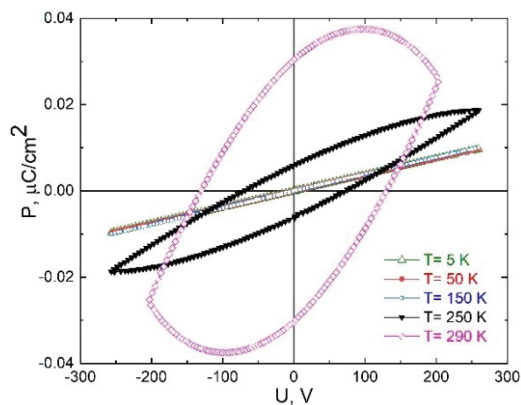


Fig.1. Electrical field dependence of the electrical polarization for BaFe₁₂O₁₉

simultaneous coexistence of large ferroelectricity and strong ferromagnetism, together with giant ME coupling effects in one single phase at room temperature. Observation of the non-zero dipole electrical moment with remnant magnetization and relationship between magnetic and electrical sub-systems open broad perspectives for development of the room-temperature functional devices based on hybrid materials with enhanced properties such as composites based on M-type hexaferrites.

In Fig.1 shows the polarization electric hysteresis loops for BaFe₁₂O₁₉ at different temperatures. This is an interesting fact that P(U) dependences measured at 5, 50 and 150K were characterized by the linear behavior. Our NEB calculations for the fully relaxed unit cell allows to explain such behavior due to energy barrier, which associated with two Fe²⁺ ions shifting along the c axis in one direction.

[1] D.A. Vinnik, A.S. Chernukha, S.A. Gudkov et al. / Morphology and magnetic properties of pressed barium hexaferrite BaFe₁₂O₁₉ materials // JMMM 459, (2018) 131-135.

[2] G. Tan, X. Chen / Structure and multiferroic properties of barium hexaferrite ceramics // JMMM 327, (2013) 87-90.